1	ENROLLED
2	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
3	FOR
4	Senate Bill No. 408
5	(SENATOR PLYMALE, original sponsor)
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7	[Passed March 5, 2014; in effect from passage.]
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12	AN ACT to amend and reenact $$62-12-13$ of the Code of West Virginia,
13	1931, as amended, relating to powers and duties of the Parole
14	Board; eligibility for parole; clarifying the procedures for
15	granting parole; and clarifying that a parole-eligible inmate
16	is entitled to a timely parole hearing regardless on where he
17	or she is housed.
18	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
19	That §62-12-13 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
20	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:
21	ARTICLE 12. PROBATION AND PAROLE.
22	§62-12-13. Powers and duties of board; eligibility for parole;
23	procedure for granting parole.
24	(a) The Parole Board, whenever it is of the opinion that the
25	best interests of the state and of the inmate will be served, and

- 1 subject to the limitations provided in this section, shall release
- 2 any inmate on parole for terms and upon conditions provided by this
- 3 article.
- 4 (b) Any inmate of a state correctional institution is eligible
- 5 for parole if he or she:
- 6 (1) (A) Has served the minimum term of his or her indeterminate
- 7 sentence or has served one fourth of his or her definite term
- 8 sentence, as the case may be; or
- 9 (B) He or she:
- 10 (i) Has applied for and been accepted by the Commissioner of
- 11 Corrections into an accelerated parole program;
- 12 (ii) Does not have a prior criminal conviction for a felony
- 13 crime of violence against the person, a felony offense involving
- 14 the use of a firearm or a felony offense where the victim was a
- 15 minor child.
- 16 (iii) Is not serving a sentence for a crime of violence
- 17 against the person, or more than one felony for a controlled
- 18 substance offense for which the inmate is serving a consecutive
- 19 sentence, a felony offense involving the use of a firearm or a
- 20 felony offense where the victim was a minor child; and
- 21 (iv) Has successfully completed a rehabilitation treatment
- 22 program created with the assistance of a standardized risk and
- 23 needs assessment.
- 24 (C) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the
- 25 contrary, any inmate who committed, or attempted to commit, a
- 26 felony with the use, presentment or brandishing of a firearm, is

- 1 not eligible for parole prior to serving a minimum of three years 2 of his or her sentence or the maximum sentence imposed by the 3 court, whichever is less: Provided, That any inmate who committed, 4 or attempted to commit, any violation of section twelve, article 5 two, chapter sixty-one of this code, with the use, presentment or 6 brandishing of a firearm, is not eligible for parole prior to 7 serving a minimum of five years of his or her sentence or one third 8 of his or her definite term sentence, whichever is greater. 9 Nothing in this paragraph applies to an accessory before the fact 10 or a principal in the second degree who has been convicted as if he 11 or she were a principal in the first degree if, in the commission 12 of or in the attempted commission of the felony, only the principal 13 in the first degree used, presented or brandished a firearm. 14 inmate is not ineligible for parole under the provisions of this 15 paragraph because of the commission or attempted commission of a 16 felony with the use, presentment or brandishing of a firearm unless 17 that fact is clearly stated and included in the indictment or 18 presentment by which the person was charged and was either: (i) 19 Found guilty by the court at the time of trial upon a plea of 20 quilty or nolo contendere; (ii) found quilty by the jury, upon 21 submitting to the jury a special interrogatory for such purpose if 22 the matter was tried before a jury; or (iii) found guilty by the 23 court, if the matter was tried by the court without a jury.
- 24 (D) The amendments to this subsection adopted in the year 25 1981:
- 26 (i) Apply to all applicable offenses occurring on or after

- 1 August 1 of that year;
- 2 (ii) Apply with respect to the contents of any indictment or
- 3 presentment returned on or after August 1 of that year irrespective
- 4 of when the offense occurred;
- 5 (iii) Apply with respect to the submission of a special
- 6 interrogatory to the jury and the finding to be made thereon in any
- 7 case submitted to the jury on or after August 1 of that year or to
- 8 the requisite findings of the court upon a plea of guilty or in any
- 9 case tried without a jury: Provided, That the state gives notice in
- 10 writing of its intent to seek such finding by the jury or court, as
- 11 the case may be. The notice shall state with particularity the
- 12 grounds upon which the finding will be sought as fully as the
- 13 grounds are otherwise required to be stated in an indictment,
- 14 unless the grounds upon which the finding will be sought are
- 15 alleged in the indictment or presentment upon which the matter is
- 16 being tried; and
- 17 (iv) Does not apply with respect to cases not affected by the
- 18 amendments and in those cases the prior provisions of this section
- 19 apply and are construed without reference to the amendments.
- 20 (v) Insofar as the amendments relate to mandatory sentences
- 21 restricting the eligibility for parole, all matters requiring a
- 22 mandatory sentence shall be proved beyond a reasonable doubt in all
- 23 cases tried by the jury or the court.
- 24 (E) As used in this section, "felony crime of violence against
- 25 the person" means felony offenses set forth in article two,
- 26 three-e, eight-b or eight-d, chapter sixty-one of this code; and

- 1 (F) As used in this section, "felony offense where the victim 2 was a minor child" means any felony crime of violence against the 3 person and any felony violation set forth in article eight, 4 eight-a, eight-c or eight-d, chapter sixty-one of this code.
- (G) For the purpose of this section, the term "firearm" means any instrument which will, or is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive, gunpowder or any other similar means.
- 9 (2) Is not in punitive segregation or administrative 10 segregation as a result of disciplinary action;
- 11 (3) Has prepared and submitted to the Parole Board a written 12 parole release plan setting forth proposed plans for his or her 13 place of residence, employment and, if appropriate, his or her 14 plans regarding education and post-release counseling 15 treatment: Provided, That an inmate's application for parole may be 16 considered by the board without the prior submission of a home 17 plan, but the inmate shall have a home plan approved by the board 18 prior to his or her release on parole. The Commissioner of 19 Corrections or his or her designee shall review and investigate the 20 plan and provide recommendations to the board as to the suitability 21 of the plan: Provided, That in cases in which there is a mandatory 22 thirty-day notification period required prior to the release of the 23 inmate, pursuant to section twenty-three of this article, the board 24 may conduct an initial interview and deny parole without requiring 25 the development of a plan. In the event the board believes parole 26 should be granted, it may defer a final decision pending completion

- 1 of an investigation and receipt of recommendations. Upon receipt
- 2 of the plan together with the investigation and recommendation, the
- 3 board, through a panel, shall make a final decision regarding the
- 4 granting or denial of parole; and
- 5 (4) Has satisfied the board that if released on parole he or 6 she will not constitute a danger to the community.
- 7 (c) Except in the case of an inmate serving a life sentence, 8 a person who has been previously twice convicted of a felony may
- 9 not be released on parole until he or she has served the minimum
- 10 term provided by law for the crime for which he or she was
- 11 convicted. An inmate sentenced for life may not be paroled until
- 12 he or she has served ten years, and an inmate sentenced for life
- 13 who has been previously twice convicted of a felony may not be
- 14 paroled until he or she has served fifteen years: Provided, That an
- 15 inmate convicted of first degree murder for an offense committed on
- 16 or after June 10, 1994, is not eligible for parole until he or she
- 17 has served fifteen years.
- 18 (d) In the case of an inmate sentenced to a state correctional
- 19 institution regardless of the inmate's place of detention or
- 20 incarceration, the Parole Board, as soon as that inmate becomes
- 21 eligible, shall consider the advisability of his or her release on
- 22 parole.
- 23 (e) If, upon consideration, parole is denied, the board shall
- 24 promptly notify the inmate of the denial. The board shall, at the
- 25 time of denial, notify the inmate of the month and year he or she
- 26 may apply for reconsideration and review. The board shall at least

- $1\ \mbox{once}$ a year reconsider and review the case of every inmate who was
- 2 denied parole and who is still eligible: Provided, That the board
- 3 may reconsider and review parole eligibility any time within three
- 4 years following the denial of parole of an inmate serving a life
- 5 sentence with the possibility of parole.
- 6 (f) Any inmate in the custody of the commissioner for service
- 7 of a sentence who reaches parole eligibility is entitled to a
- 8 timely parole hearing without regard to the location in which he or
- 9 she is housed.
- 10 (g) The board shall, with the approval of the Governor, adopt
- 11 rules governing the procedure in the granting of parole. No
- 12 provision of this article and none of the rules adopted under this
- 13 article are intended or may be construed to contravene, limit or
- 14 otherwise interfere with or affect the authority of the Governor to
- 15 grant pardons and reprieves, commute sentences, remit fines or
- 16 otherwise exercise his or her constitutional powers of executive
- 17 clemency.
- 18 (h) (1) The Division of Corrections shall promulgate policies
- 19 and procedures for developing a rehabilitation treatment plan
- 20 created with the assistance of a standardized risk and needs
- 21 assessment. The policies and procedures shall provide for, at a
- 22 minimum, screening and selecting inmates for rehabilitation
- 23 treatment and development, using standardized risk and needs
- 24 assessment and substance abuse assessment tools, and prioritizing
- 25 the use of residential substance abuse treatment resources based on
- 26 the results of the standardized risk and needs assessment and a

- 1 substance abuse assessment. The results of all standardized risk 2 and needs assessments and substance abuse assessments are 3 confidential.
- 4 (2) An inmate shall not be paroled under paragraph (B), 5 subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section solely due to 6 having successfully completed a rehabilitation treatment plan, but 7 completion of all the requirements of a rehabilitation treatment 8 plan along with compliance with the requirements of subsection (b) 9 of this section creates a rebuttable presumption that parole is 10 appropriate. The presumption created by this subdivision may be 11 rebutted by a Parole Board finding that, according to the 12 standardized risk and needs assessment, at the time parole release 13 is sought the inmate still constitutes a reasonable risk to the 14 safety or property of other persons if released. Nothing in 15 subsection (b) of this section or in this subsection may be 16 construed to create a right to parole.
- (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, the Parole Board may grant or deny parole to an inmate against whom a detainer is lodged by a jurisdiction other than West Virginia for service of a sentence of incarceration, upon a written request for parole from the inmate. A denial of parole under this subsection precludes consideration for parole for a period of one year or until the provisions of subsection (b) of this section are applicable.
- 25 (j) If an inmate is otherwise eligible for parole pursuant to 26 subsection (b) of this section and has completed the rehabilitation

- 1 treatment program required under subsection (g) of this section,
- 2 the Parole Board may not require the inmate to participate in an
- 3 additional program, but may determine that the inmate must complete
- 4 an assigned task or tasks prior to actual release on parole. The
- 5 board may grant parole contingently, effective upon successful
- 6 completion of the assigned task or tasks, without the need for a
- 7 further hearing.
- 8 (k) (1) The Division of Corrections shall supervise all
- 9 probationers and parolees whose supervision may have been
- 10 undertaken by this state by reason of any interstate compact
- 11 entered into pursuant to the Uniform Act for Out-of-State Parolee
- 12 Supervision.
- 13 (2) The Division of Corrections shall provide supervision,
- 14 treatment/recovery and support services for all persons released to
- 15 mandatory supervision under section twenty-seven, article five,
- 16 chapter twenty-eight of this code.
- 17 (1) When considering an inmate of a state correctional
- 18 center for release on parole, the Parole Board panel considering
- 19 the parole shall have before it an authentic copy of or report on
- 20 the inmate's current criminal record as provided through the West
- 21 Virginia State Police, the United States Department of Justice or
- 22 any other reliable criminal information sources and written reports
- 23 of the warden or superintendent of the state correctional
- 24 institution to which the inmate is sentenced:
- 25 (A) On the inmate's conduct record while in custody, including
- 26 a detailed statement showing any and all infractions of

- 1 disciplinary rules by the inmate and the nature and extent of 2 discipline administered for the infractions;
- 3 (B) On improvement or other changes noted in the inmate's 4 mental and moral condition while in custody, including a statement 5 expressive of the inmate's current attitude toward society in 6 general, toward the judge who sentenced him or her, toward the 7 prosecuting attorney who prosecuted him or her, toward the 8 policeman or other officer who arrested the inmate and toward the 9 crime for which he or she is under sentence and his or her previous 10 criminal record;
- (C) On the inmate's industrial record while in custody which shall include: The nature of his or her work, occupation or education, the average number of hours per day he or she has been employed or in class while in custody and a recommendation as to the nature and kinds of employment which he or she is best fitted to perform and in which the inmate is most likely to succeed when he or she leaves the state correctional institution; and
- 18 (D) On any physical, mental, psychological or psychiatric 19 examinations of the inmate.
- (2) The Parole Board panel considering the parole may waive the requirement of any report when not available or not applicable as to any inmate considered for parole but, in every case, shall enter in its record its reason for the waiver: *Provided*, That in the case of an inmate who is incarcerated because the inmate has been found guilty of, or has pleaded guilty to, a felony under the provisions of section twelve, article eight, chapter sixty-one of

1 this code or under the provisions of article eight-b or eight-c of 2 said chapter, the Parole Board panel may not waive the report 3 required by this subsection. The report shall include a study and 4 diagnosis of the inmate, including an on-going treatment plan 5 requiring active participation in sexual abuse counseling at an 6 approved mental health facility or through some other approved 7 program: Provided, however, That nothing disclosed by the inmate 8 during the study or diagnosis may be made available to any 9 law-enforcement agency, or other party without that inmate's 10 consent, or admissible in any court of this state, unless the 11 information disclosed indicates the intention or plans of the 12 parolee to do harm to any person, animal, institution or to 13 property. Progress reports of outpatient treatment are to be made 14 at least every six months to the parole officer supervising the 15 parolee. In addition, in such cases, the Parole Board shall inform 16 the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the person was 17 convicted of the parole hearing and shall request that the 18 prosecuting attorney inform the Parole Board of the circumstances 19 surrounding a conviction or plea of guilty, plea bargaining and 20 other background information that might be useful 21 deliberations.

22 (m) Before releasing any inmate on parole, the Parole 23 Board shall arrange for the inmate to appear in person before a 24 Parole Board panel and the panel may examine and interrogate him or 25 her on any matters pertaining to his or her parole, including 26 reports before the Parole Board made pursuant to the provisions of

- 1 this section: *Provided*, That an inmate may appear by video 2 teleconference if the members of the Parole Board panel conducting 3 the examination are able to contemporaneously see the inmate and 4 hear all of his or her remarks and if the inmate is able to 5 contemporaneously see each of the members of the panel conducting 6 the examination and hear all of the members' remarks. The panel 7 shall reach its own written conclusions as to the desirability of 8 releasing the inmate on parole and the majority of the panel 9 considering the release must concur in the decision. The warden or 10 superintendent shall furnish all necessary assistance and cooperate 1 to the fullest extent with the Parole Board. All information, 12 records and reports received by the Parole Board shall be kept on 13 permanent file.
- (n) The Parole Board and its designated agents are at all times to have access to inmates imprisoned in any state correctional institution or in any jail in this state and may obtain any information or aid necessary to the performance of its duties from other departments and agencies of the state or from any political subdivision of the state.
- 20 (o) The Parole Board shall, if requested by the Governor, 21 investigate and consider all applications for pardon, reprieve or 22 commutation and shall make recommendation on the applications to 23 the Governor.
- (p) (1) Prior to making a recommendation for pardon, reprieve 25 or commutation, the board shall notify the sentencing judge and 26 prosecuting attorney at least ten days before the recommendation.

- 1 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 2 contrary, if the board grants a person parole, the board shall 3 provide written notice to the prosecuting attorney and circuit 4 judge of the county in which the inmate was prosecuted, that parole 5 has been granted. The notice shall be sent by certified mail, 6 return receipt requested, and include the anticipated date of 7 release and the person's anticipated future residence. A written 8 statement of reasons for releasing the person, prepared pursuant to 9 subsection (b) of this section, shall be provided upon request.
- (q) A parolee shall participate as a condition of parole in the litter control program of the county to which he or she is released to the extent directed by the Parole Board, unless the board specifically finds that this alternative service would be inappropriate.